

Ticket to Thrive



The role of urban public transport in tackling unemployment



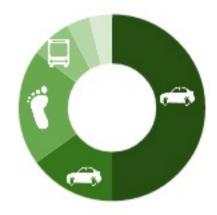
77% of jobseekers in British cities outside London do not have access to a car, van or motorbike

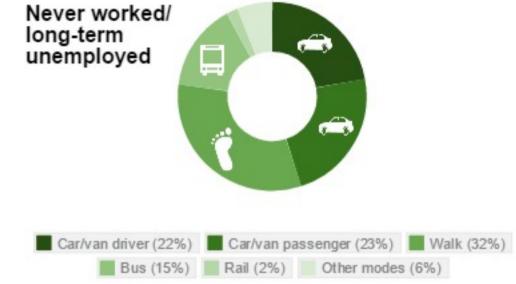
57% do not have a full car or motorbike driving licence

People who have never worked or are long-term unemployed are less likely to make trips as a car driver or passenger and more likely to walk or use the bus...

Proportion of trips made per year

All aged 16 or over





Can/van driver (50%) Can/van passenger (15%) Walk (20%) Bus (7%) Rail (4%) Other modes (4%)

of jobseekers in British cities outside London feel they would have less chance of finding

without bus services.

The bus is important in work too...





More people commute to work by bus than by any other public transport mode

1 in 10 bus commuters would be forced to look for another job, or give up work altogether, if bus services disappeared.

Despite the importance of the bus, jobseekers can face a number of transport barriers to work...



Expensive public transport tickets - commercial fares in Metropolitan areas

> 26% in 10 years





Mismatches between working hours & available public transport



- Recognition of how public transport can & does tackie unemployment
- A new funding deal to enable local councils to protect lifeline bus services and connect people to opportunity
- More effective powers over bus services for local transport authorities, offering them greater control over where & when buses run & affordability of fares
- Review potential for an adequately funded national jobseeker & apprentice travel concession
- Personalised advice on journey planning for all jobseekers facing transport barriers
- A 'Bus Bonus' for commuters
- Land-use planning that supports access to employment



For the full story, read 'Ticket to Thrive: The role of urban public transport in tackling unemployment' available from http://pteg.net/resources